AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

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1	1. (Currently Amended) A method for executing a commit instruction				
2	to facilitate transactional execution on a processor, comprising:				
3	encountering the commit instruction during execution of a program,				
4	wherein the commit instruction marks the end of a block of instructions to be				
5	executed transactionally; and				
6	upon encountering the commit instruction, successfully completing				
7	transactional execution of the block of instructions preceding the commit				
8	instruction, wherein successfully completing the transactional execution involves				
9	atomically committing changes made during the transactional execution;				
10	wherein changes made during the transactional execution are not				
11	committed to the architectural state of the processor until the transactional				
12	execution successfully completes.				
1	2. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1, wherein successfully				
2	completing the transactional execution involves:				
3	atomically committing changes made during the transactional execute on;				
4	and				
5	resuming normal non-transactional execution.				

(Original) The method of claim 2, wherein atomically committing

changes made during the transactional execution involves:

3	treating store-marked cache lines as locked, thereby causing other				
ļ	processes to wait to access the store-marked cache lines;				
5	clearing load marks from cache lines;				
5	committing store buffer entries generated during transactional execution to				
7	memory, wherein committing each store buffer entry involves unmarking, and				
3	thereby unlocking, a corresponding store-marked cache line; and				
)	committing register file changes made during transactional execution.				
l	4. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein if an interfering data				
2	access from another process is encountered during the transactional execution and				
3	prior to encountering the commit instruction, the method further comprises:				
ļ	discarding changes made during the transactional execution; and				
5	attempting to re-execute the block of instructions.				

- 5. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1, wherein for a
 variation of the commit instruction, successfully completing the transactional
 execution involves:

 atomically committing changes made during the transactional execution;
 and
 commencing transactional execution of the block of instructions following
 the commit instruction.
 - (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein potentially interfering data accesses from other processes are allowed to proceed during the transactional execution of the block of instructions.
- 1 7. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the block of instructions 2 to be executed transactionally comprises a critical section.

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1	8. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the commit instruction		
2	is a native machine code instruction of the processor.		
1	(Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the commit instruction		
2	is defined in a platform-independent programming language.		
1	10. (Currently Amended) A computer system that supports a commit		
2	instruction to facilitate transactional execution, wherein the commit instruction		
3	marks the end of a block of instructions to be executed transactionally,		
4	comprising:		
5	a processor; and		
6	an execution mechanism within the processor;		
7	wherein upon encountering the commit instruction, the execution		
8	mechanism is configured to successfully complete transactional execution of the		
9	block of instructions preceding the commit instruction, wherein successfully		
0	completing the transactional execution involves atomically committing changes		
1	made during the transactional execution;		
2	wherein changes made during the transactional execution are not		
3	committed to the architectural state of the processor until the transactional		
4	execution successfully completes.		
1	11. (Currently Amended) The computer system of claim 10, wherein		

1 11. (Currently Amended) The computer system of claim 10, wherein
while successfully completing transactional execution, the execution mechanism
is configured to:

atomically-commit changes made during the transactional execution; and
to
to

1	(Original) The computer system of claim 11, wherein while		
2	atomically committing changes made during the transactional execution, the		
3	execution mechanism is configured to:		
4	treat store-marked cache lines as locked, thereby causing other processes		
5	to wait to access the store-marked cache lines;		
6	clear load marks from cache lines;		
7	commit store buffer entries generated during transactional execution to		
8	memory, wherein committing each store buffer entry involves unmarking, and		
9	thereby unlocking, a corresponding store-marked cache line; and to		
10	commit register file changes made during transactional execution.		
1	13. (Original) The computer system of claim 10, wherein if an		
2	interfering data access from another process is encountered during the		
3	transactional execution and prior to encountering the commit instruction, the		
4	execution mechanism is configured to:		
5	discard changes made during the transactional execution; and to		
6	attempt to re-execute the block of instructions.		
1	14. (Currently Amended) The computer system of claim 10, wherein if		
2	a variation of the commit instruction is encountered, the execution mechanism is		
3	configured to:		
4	atomically commit changes made during the transactional execution; and		
5	₩		
6	commence transactional execution of the block of instructions following		
7	the commit instruction.		

1	15.	(Original) The computer system of claim 10, wherein the computer		
2	system is configured to allow potentially interfering data accesses from other			
3	processes to proceed during the transactional execution of the block of			
4	instructions.			
1	16.	(Original) The computer system of claim 10, wherein the block of		
2	instructions to be executed transactionally comprises a critical section.			
1	17.	(Original) The computer system of claim 10, wherein the commit		
2	instruction is a native machine code instruction of the processor.			
1	18.	(Original) The computer system of claim 10, wherein the commit		
2	instruction is de	efined in a platform-independent programming language.		
1	19.	(Currently Amended) A computer-readable storage medium storing		
2	instructions tha	t when executed by a computer cause the computer to perform a		
3	method for exe	cuting a commit instruction to facilitate transactional execution,		
4	comprising:			
5	encountering the commit instruction during execution of a program,			
6	wherein the commit instruction marks the end of a block of instructions to be			
7	executed transactionally; and			
8	upon encountering the commit instruction, successfully completing			
9	transactional execution of the block of instructions preceding the commit			
10	instruction, wherein successfully completing the transactional execution involves			
11	atomically committing changes made during the transactional execution;			

wherein changes made during the transactional execution are not committed to the architectural state of the processor until the transactional

execution successfully completes.

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1	20.	(Currently Amended) The computer-readable storage medium of
2	claim 19, wherein successfully completing transactional execution involves:	
3	atomica	lly committing changes made during the transactional execution
4	and	

5 resuming normal non-transactional execution.